

## First Year Topology Exam, Second Semester

May 2024

**For the first five problems, show all your work and support all statements. Use a separate sheet of paper for each problem. (Each problem 10 points.)**

1. Let  $p: E \rightarrow B$  be a covering map, and let  $p(e_0) = b_0$ . Prove that the lifting correspondence  $\phi: \pi_1(B, b_0) \rightarrow p^{-1}(b_0)$  is surjective if  $E$  is path connected, and bijective if  $E$  is simply connected.
2. Show that a continuous map  $f: S^1 \rightarrow S^1$  is homotopic to  $z^n: S^1 \rightarrow S^1$  (given by  $e^{i\theta} \mapsto e^{in\theta}$ ) for some integer  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ .
3. State and prove the Brouwer fixed point theorem for the unit disk,  $D^2$ .
4. The connected sum of two surfaces  $S$  and  $S'$  is obtained by cutting out a disk from each surface and gluing the resulting surfaces along their circle boundaries:  $S\#S' = (S \setminus D^2) \cup_{S^1} (S' \setminus D^2)$ . Let  $T$  be the torus. Using the Seifert-van Kampen theorem on the natural decomposition into two pieces given by the connected sum, calculate  $\pi_1(T\#T)$ .
5. Prove that if  $X$  is path connected and  $x_0$  and  $x_1$  are two points of  $X$ , then  $\pi_1(X, x_0)$  is isomorphic to  $\pi_1(X, x_1)$ .

**Answer the following problems with complete definitions, complete statements, an example, or a short proof. (Each problem 5 points.)**

6. State the Seifert-van Kampen theorem.
7. Show that the Tietze Extension Theorem implies Urysohn's Lemma.
8. Let  $X$  be a topological space. Define what it means for  $X$  to be *compact*.
9. Let  $X$  be a completely regular space. Define the Stone-Ćech compactification of  $X$ .
10. State the Tychonoff Theorem.
11. Let  $[0, 1]^J$  be the set of all functions from a set  $J$  to  $[0, 1]$ . Prove that if  $\mathcal{F}$  is a closed subset of  $[0, 1]^J$ , then  $\mathcal{F}$  is compact.
12. Let  $A \subset X$ . Let  $r: X \rightarrow A$  be a *retraction*, meaning  $r$  is continuous and  $r(a) = a$  for all  $a \in A$ . Show that for any  $a_0 \in A$ , the induced map  $r_*: \pi_1(X, a_0) \rightarrow \pi_1(A, a_0)$  on the fundamental groups is surjective.
13. Let  $\gamma: [0, 1] \rightarrow X$  be a loop with basepoint  $x_0$ . Let  $\gamma^{-1}$  be defined by  $\gamma^{-1}(t) = \gamma(1-t)$ . Show that  $\gamma * \gamma^{-1}$  is loop homotopic to the constant loop.
14. Describe a surface whose fundamental group is not abelian.
15. Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be topological spaces and let  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  be continuous and surjective. Show that if  $X$  is connected, then so is  $Y$ .