

## Colloquium

March 27, 4:05 p.m. (9 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Period)<br>(in the Atrium)

Speaker: Dr. Paul Robinson
Title: Higher Trigonometry

## Abstract

Everyone knows that the trigonometric functions sine and cosine are the unique solutions to the initial value problem

$$
s^{\prime}=c, c=s ; s(0)=0, c(0)=1
$$

Everyone should also know that the whole of trigonometry may be constructed upon this foundation. It is perhaps natural to ask what develops from the initial value problem

$$
s^{\prime}=c^{2}, c=s^{2} ; s(0)=0, c(0)=1
$$

The functions that satisfy this system were first properly investigated towards the end of the nineteenth century. They were then largely ignored until the start of the twenty-first century, when interesting connections to geometry and combinatorics came to light. We shall present some of the theory of these functions, with historical sidelines.

