

**PhD Algebra Examination**  
**28 August, 1997**

Answer seven out of the following ten problems. State clearly any results you need.

1. Let  $A$  be a commutative Noetherian ring with identity. Show that if  $A$  is Noetherian, then so is the power series ring  $A[[X]]$ .
2. Suppose that  $A$  is a commutative ring with identity,  $B$  is an  $A$ -algebra integral over  $A$ , and  $f : A \rightarrow K$  is a homomorphism from  $A$  to an algebraically closed field  $K$ . Show that  $f$  can be extended to a homomorphism  $g : B \rightarrow K$ .
3. Show that any automorphism of the field  $\mathbb{R}$  of real numbers is the identity.
4. Let  $p$  be a prime,  $n > 1$  an integer, and  $G = GL(n, \mathbb{F}_p)$ . Compute the order of  $G$ , and find a  $p$ -Sylow subgroup of  $G$ .
5. Let  $p$  be a prime.
  - (a) Show that if  $S_p$  is the symmetric group on  $p$  letters, and  $H \subseteq S_p$  is a subgroup containing a  $p$ -cycle and a transposition, then  $H = S_p$ .
  - (b) Suppose  $f(T) \in \mathbb{Q}[T]$  is irreducible of degree  $p$ . Show that if  $f(T)$  has exactly two non-real roots, then the Galois group of the splitting field of  $f(T)$  is  $S_p$ .
6. Let  $M_n(\mathbb{F})$  denote the algebra of  $n \times n$  matrices over the field  $\mathbb{F}$ . Fix  $p$  with  $1 < p < n$  and let  $R$  be the subalgebra consisting of those matrices in "block form"

$$\begin{pmatrix} A & B \\ 0 & C \end{pmatrix},$$

where  $A$  is a  $p \times p$  matrix, and  $C$  is an  $(n - p) \times (n - p)$  matrix.

- (a) Describe the Jacobson radical of  $R$ .

Consider the vector space  $V = \mathbb{F}^n$  with its natural structure as a left module for  $R$ , given by matrix multiplication on the left.

- (b) Show that  $V$  has an irreducible submodule  $W$  of dimension  $p$  and that  $V/W$  is also irreducible.
  - (c) Show that  $V$  is indecomposable, i.e.  $V$  is not the direct sum of two nonzero  $R$ -submodules.
7. If  $(m, n) = 1$  then compute  $(\mathbb{Z}/m\mathbb{Z}) \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} (\mathbb{Z}/n\mathbb{Z})$ . Explain.

8. Suppose that  $A$  is a commutative ring with identity. If  $A^m \simeq A^n$  as  $A$ -modules, show that  $m = n$  ( $A^m$  denotes the direct sum of  $m$  copies of  $A$  as an  $A$ -module, and similarly for  $A^n$ ).
9. Let  $A$  be a Noetherian ring and  $M$  a finitely generated  $A$ -module. Denote by  $\text{Supp}(M)$  the set of prime ideals  $p$  of  $A$  such that  $M_p \neq 0$ , where  $M_p$  is the localization of  $M$  at  $p$ . Show that if  $M_p = 0$  for all  $p$ , then  $M = 0$ .
10. (a) Show that a direct sum of more than one copy of  $\mathbb{Z}$  is not generated by a single element.  
(b) Deduce that a direct sum of more than one copy of  $\mathbb{Z}$  is not a free group.